



School of
informatics



Wireless and Mobile group

the **stix** project

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The figure displays three overlapping screenshots of the STIX project interface, illustrating its capabilities in workflow management, data visualization, and network topology.

Top Screenshot: Workflow: evaluationWorkflow

This screenshot shows a workflow diagram titled "Workflow: evaluationWorkflow". The workflow starts with a task "OK location = SENS DO" (represented by a circle with a plus sign). This task leads to a task "ok ok ok inf. location agent task getCT". From there, the workflow branches into two paths. One path goes through a task "to task" and then a decision diamond. The other path goes through a task "to task" and then a decision diamond. Both paths lead to a task "ok ok ok inf. location agent task getCT". The workflow ends with a task "OK location = SENS DO".

Middle Screenshot: Perspective: Multi-vendor Demo

This screenshot shows a line graph titled "Demo of a line graph: recorded SNR". The graph plots SNR (in dB) recorded at each site over time. The Y-axis ranges from 0 to 20 dB. The X-axis shows time points 12 and 13. Three lines are plotted: a red line for "Strong", a green line for "Medium", and a blue line for "Weak". The legend indicates: Strong (red), Medium (green), Weak (blue).

Bottom Screenshot: Demo of a table: de

This screenshot shows a table titled "Demo of a table: de". The table has a header row with "deviceName" and a body with five rows of data:

deviceName
siteFour
siteOne
siteTwo
siteThree
siteFive

Right Screenshot: Network Topology

This screenshot shows a network topology diagram. It features a central green circle containing four nodes: "Strong AP1", "Strong AP2", "Weak AP1", and "Weak AP2". This central circle is connected to four external nodes: "Site A", "Site B", "Site C", and "Site D". The connections are represented by lines.

A network administrator shouldn't be a programmer in disguise.

Stix introduces *StixL*, a visual paradigm that enables the operator to specify from a higher perspective how the network should perform. *StixL* is a simplified version of well established event-based workflow notations. It is straightforward to learn but yet powerful and effective.

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Stix moves the intelligence from the datacenter out to the field. It requires minimal IT infrastructure: a tiny low-power “dongle” is deployed at each remote site, such as on transmission towers. The architecture reduce reliance on always-on central servers and can scale up to nationwide networks. It means that community networks do not need a NOC to operate, while WISPs are relieved from having yet another appliance server running.

In-network storage

Total hardware control

No matter how far or inaccessible a device is, the operator needs “eyes and hands” access to it. **Stix** provide energy monitoring and power control (e.g., reboot, poweroff).

The **Stix** architecture is free from technology-dependent assumptions, and can operate on virtually any network topology and communication protocol (e.g., Wifi, WiMax, 3G, 4G/LTE, etc).

Networks need freedom to grow.

Freedom is to be able to decide for the most appropriate hardware and avoid being locked in a single technology or a on single vendor.

Stix features a built-in hardware abstraction layer that allows the support of virtually any 'manageable' hardware: communication equipment, switches, routers, firewalls, UPS, etc...

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Stix is an open project, documentation and source code are available at:

Contact email:

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